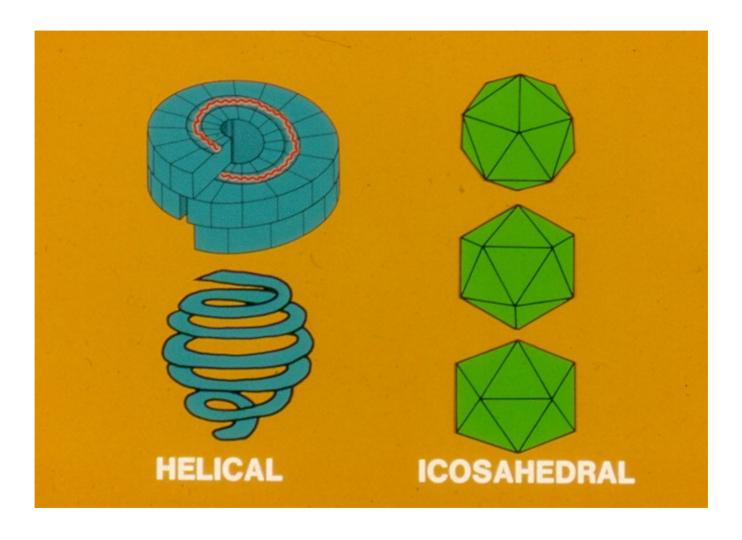
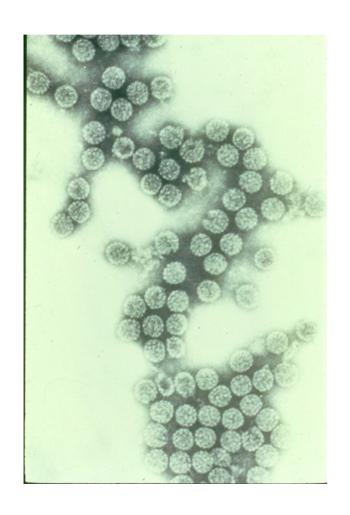
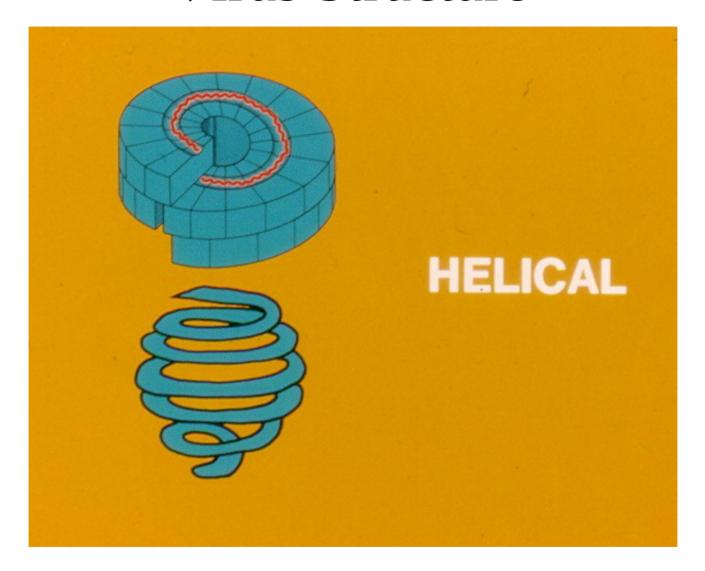
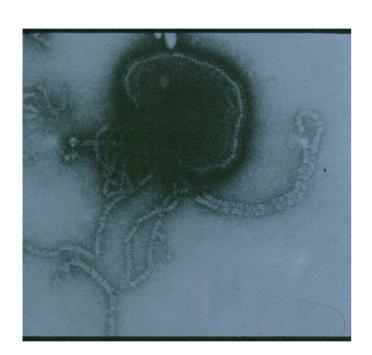
VIROLOGY

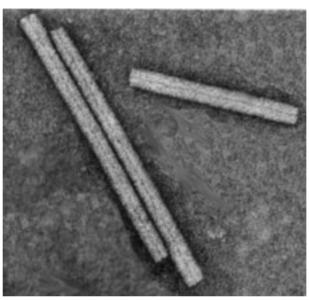




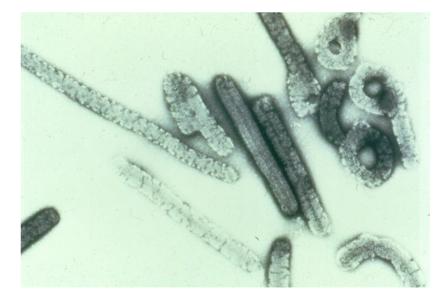


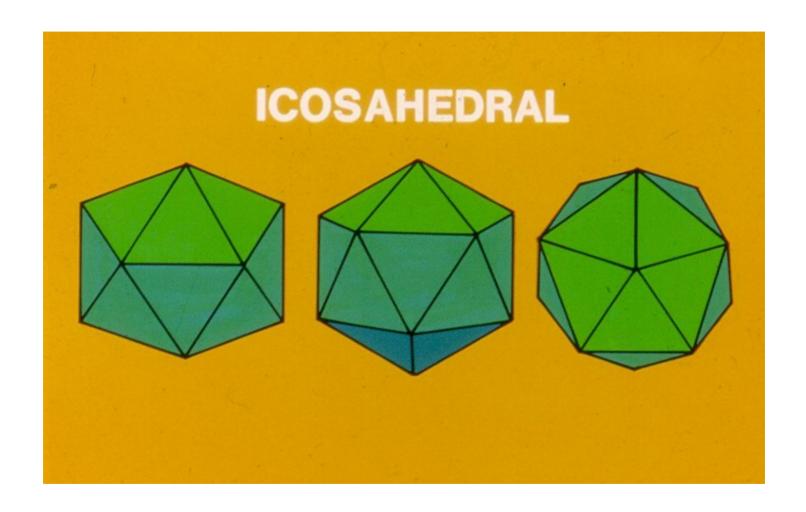


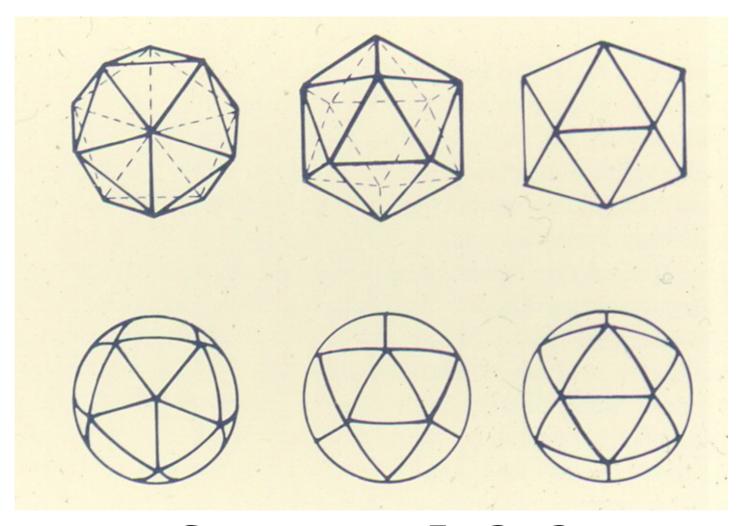




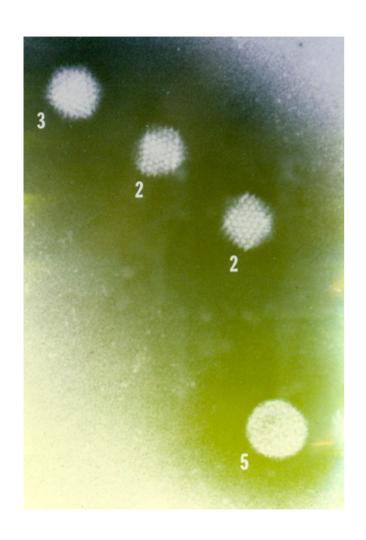


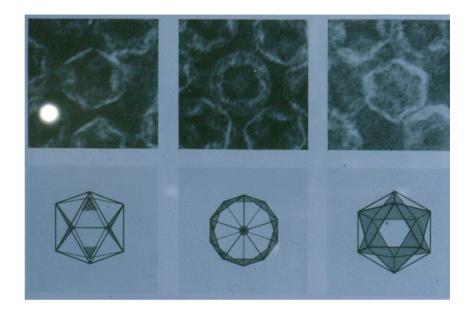


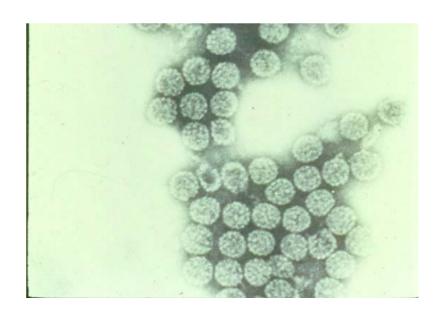




Symmetry: 5:3:2





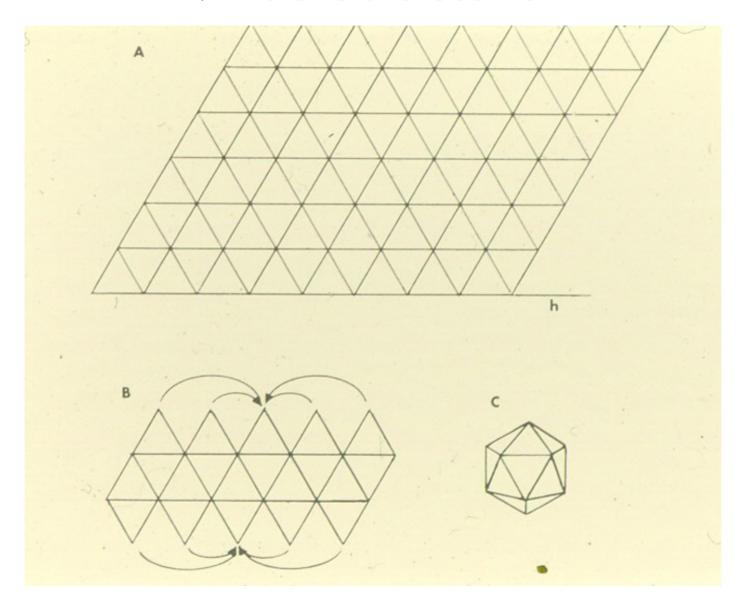


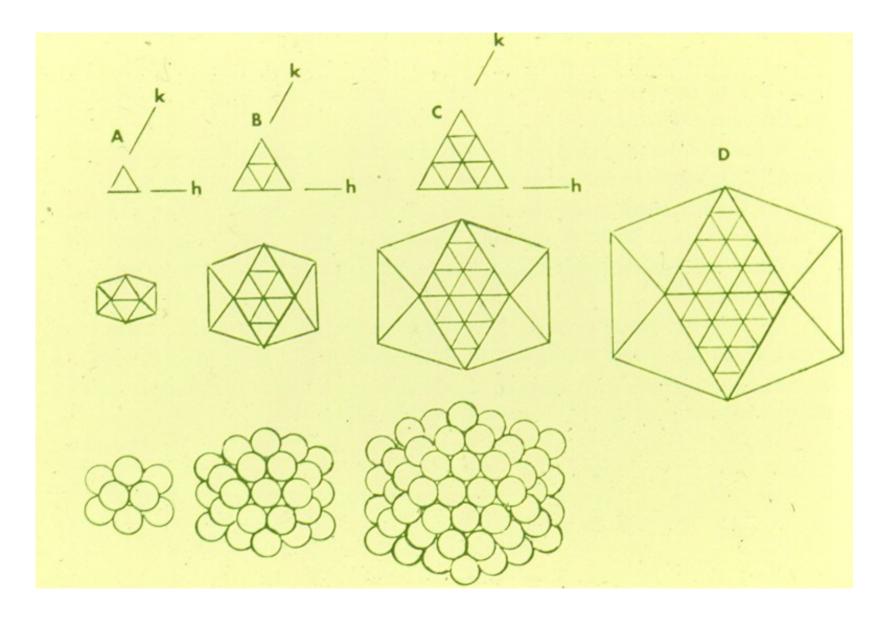


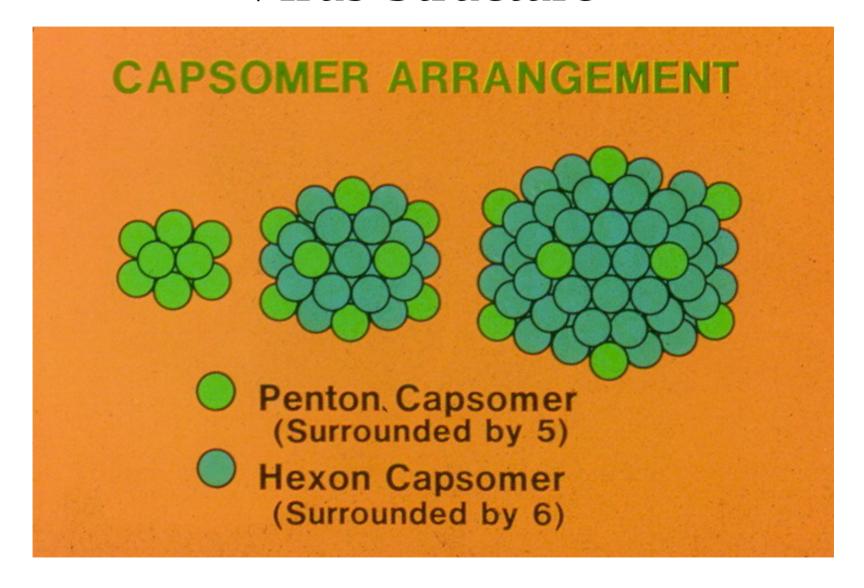
TIPULA IRIDESCENT VIRUS, an insert virus, is so large that its geometrically regular structure shows up clearly when specimens are shadowed with atoms of a heavy metal and enlarged in the electron microscope. In the doubly shadowed micrograph (I_0/r) , the



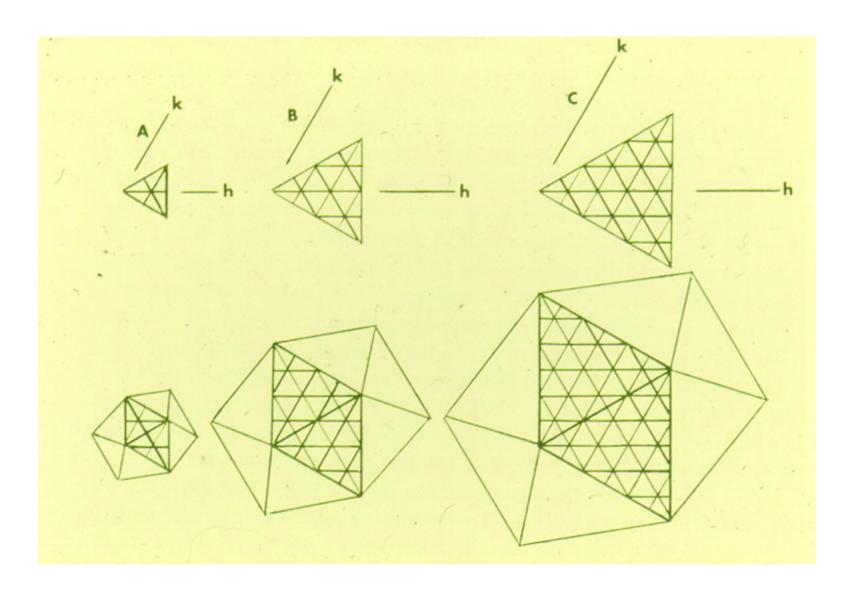
virus pufticles are enlarged about \$8,000 diameters. The shadows indicate that each particle is a regular icosubedron (right). The micrograph was made by Kenneth Smith of the University of Cambridge and Robley C. Williams of the University of California.

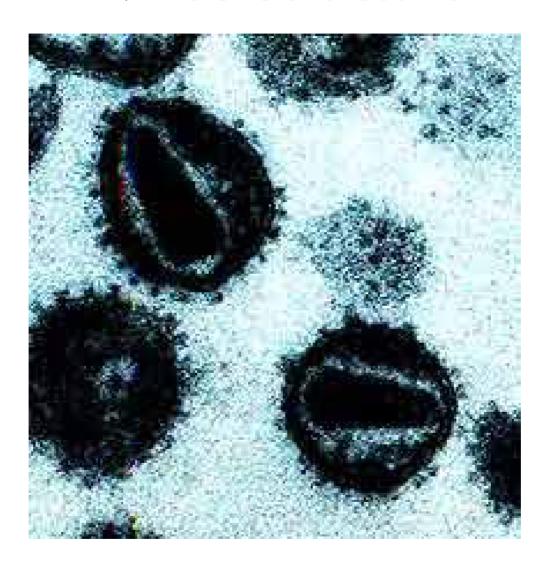




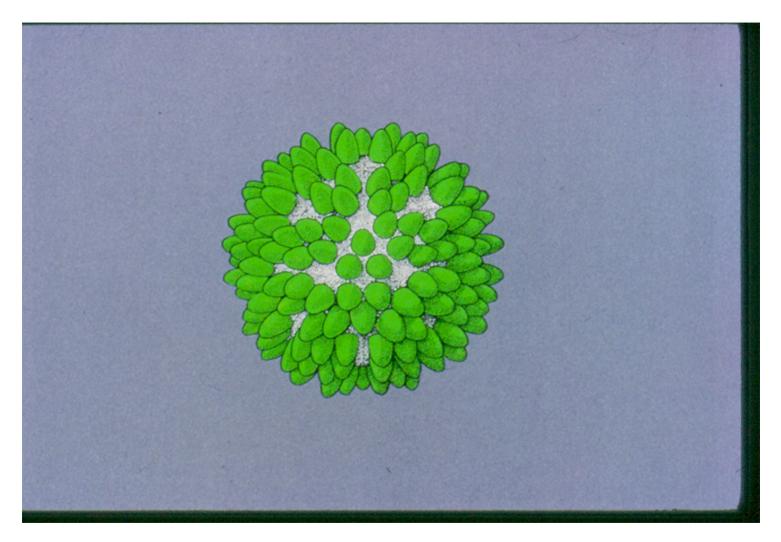




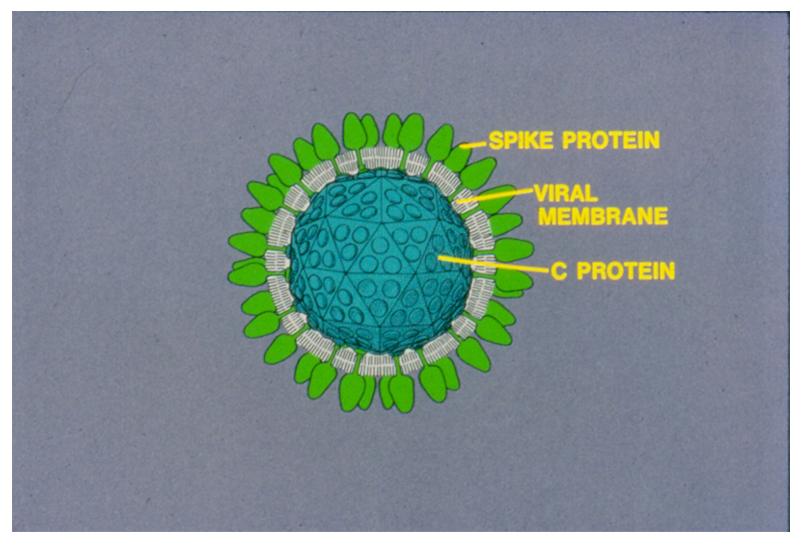




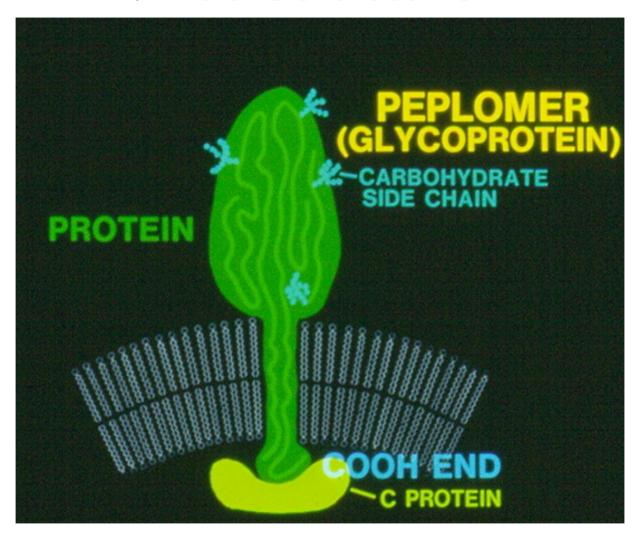
What is this???



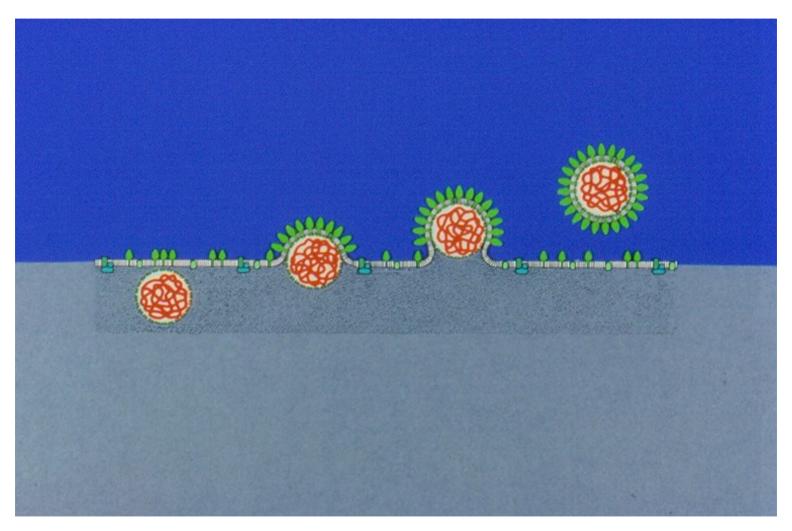
Budding of enveloped viruses



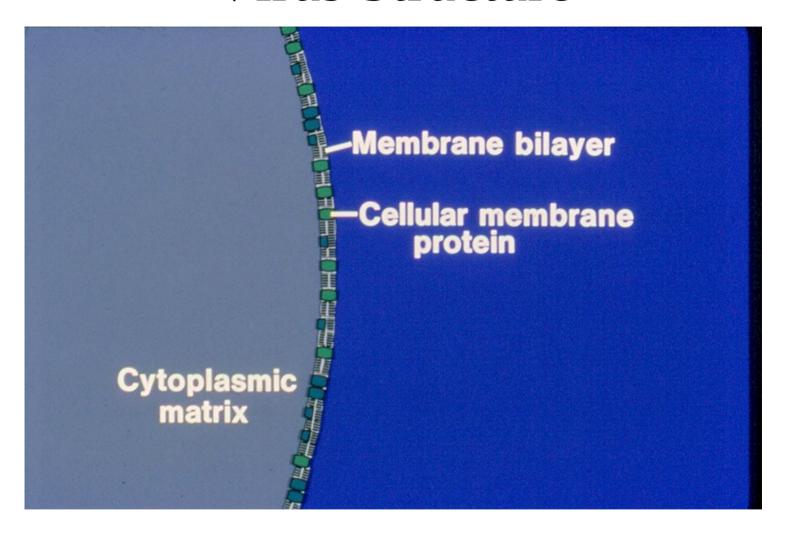
Budding of enveloped viruses



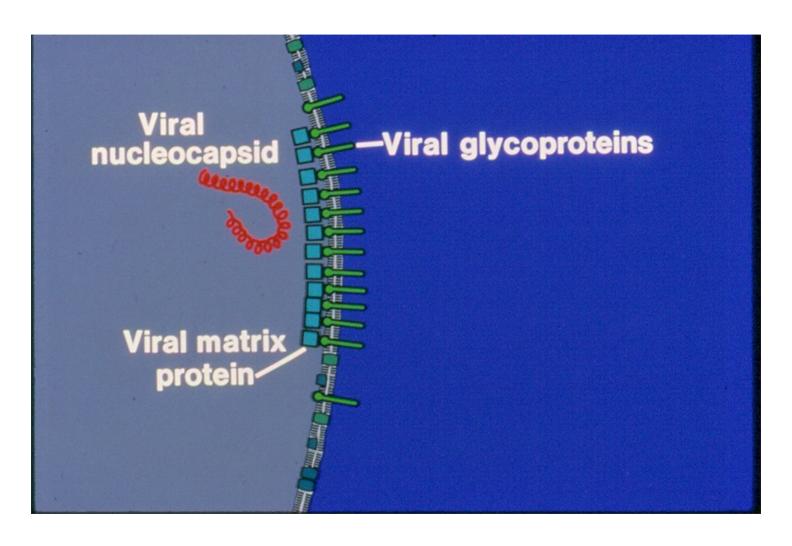
Budding of enveloped viruses



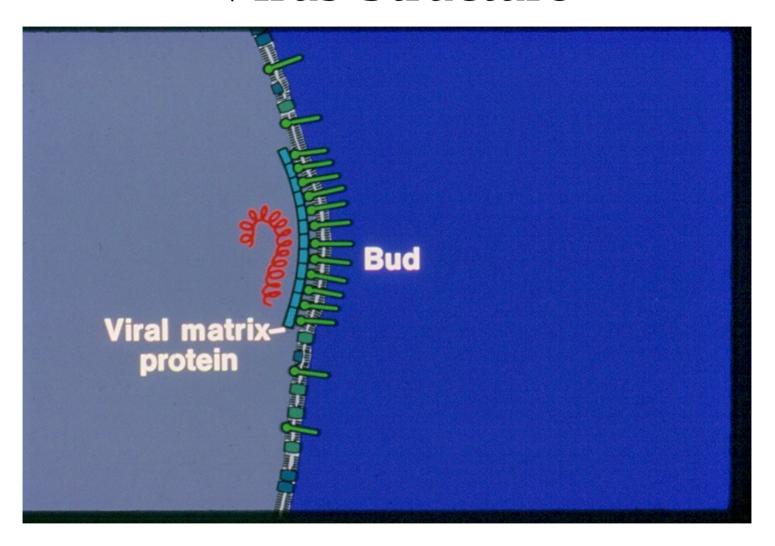
Budding of enveloped viruses



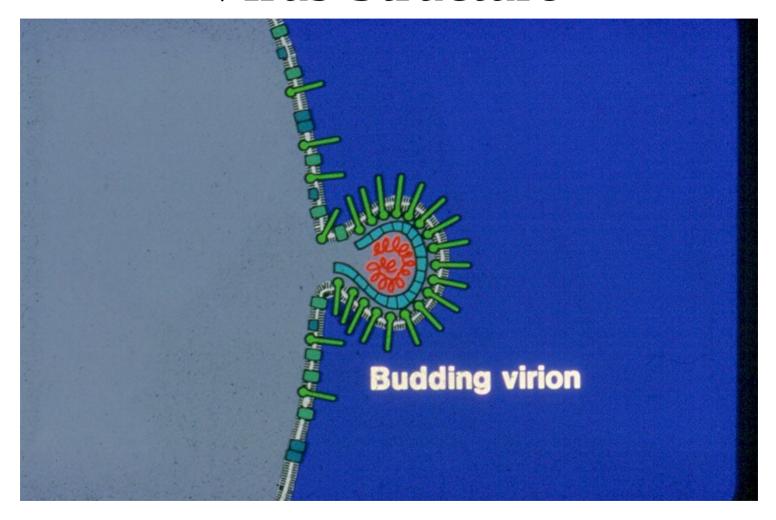
Budding of enveloped viruses



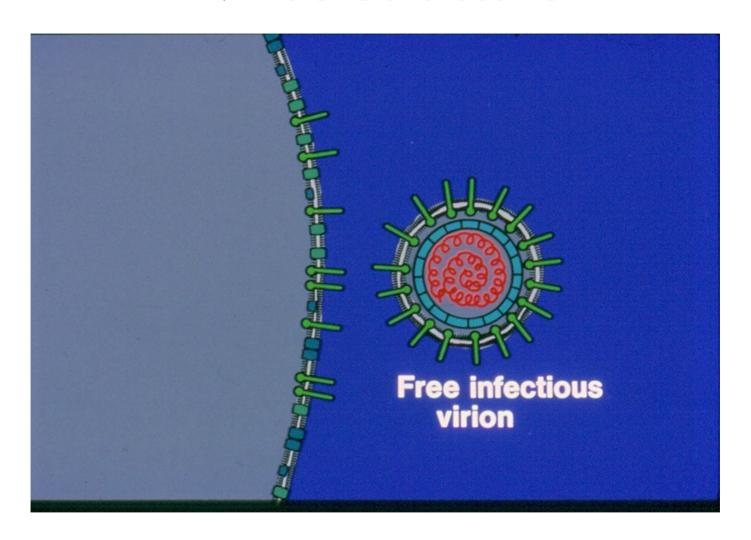
Budding of enveloped viruses



Budding of enveloped viruses



Budding of enveloped viruses



Budding of enveloped viruses

Virus Taxonomy

Seventh Report of the International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses

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